



# The Salton Sea and its impact on Air Quality in the Coachella Valley

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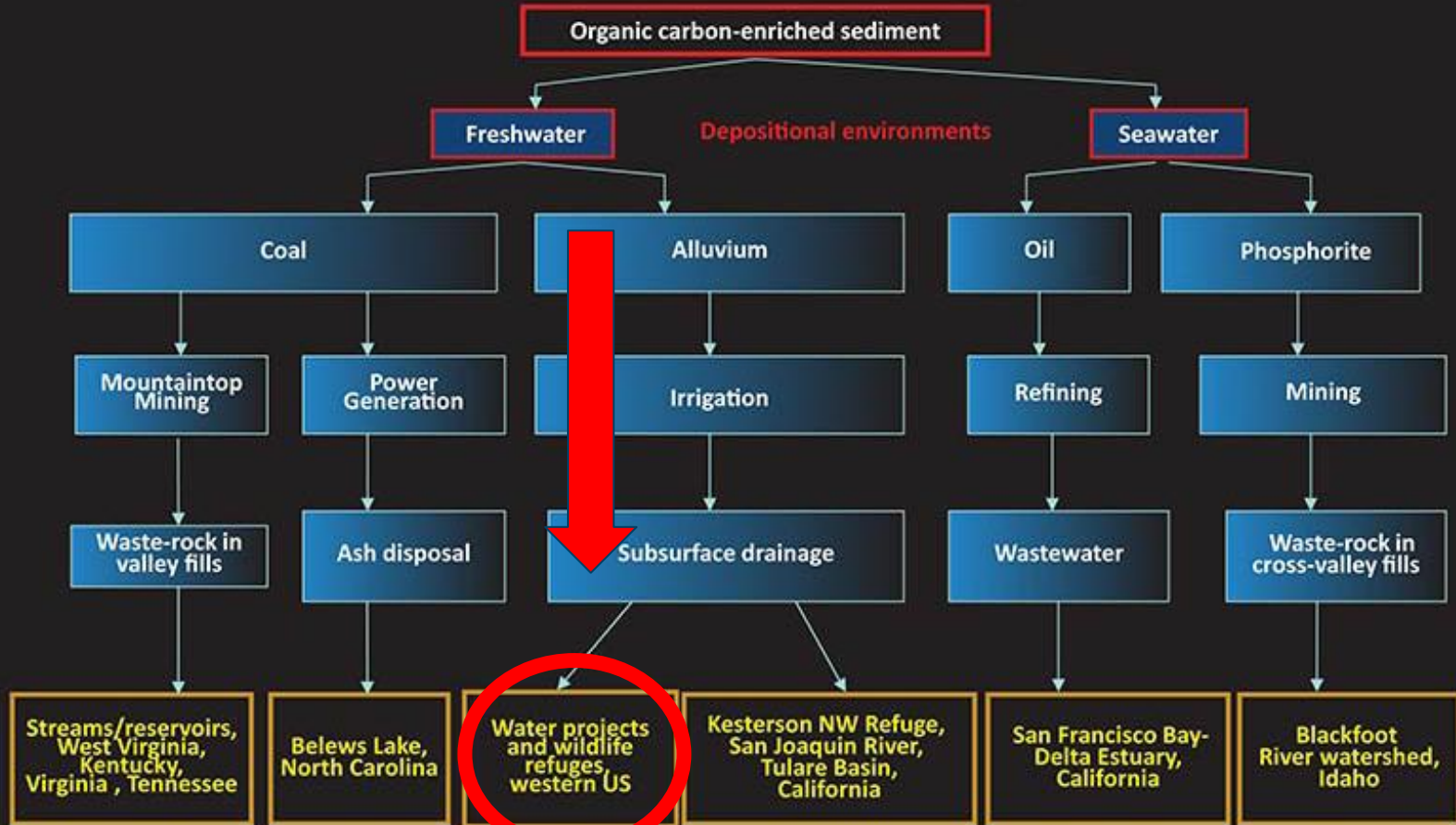
# A Three Week Study



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- Four group members :
    - A Mathematician, an Engineer, a Chemist, and a Computer Scientist
  - 2002 Quantification Settlement Agreement
    - Ending 2017
    - Contributing to the Salton Sea's receding shoreline
  - A focus on Methodology:
    - We know selenium is present in the Salton Sea, but can we detect it in the air?
-



# Selenium Sources



# Observed Negative Effects of Selenium



## Teratogenesis in Birds and Fish

- Selenium accumulation in tissues of birds and fish through consumption of invertebrates.
- Feasibility of eggs decreases in areas of markedly high Selenium exposure<sup>1</sup>
  - Food chain organisms: 30-270  $\mu\text{g/g}$
  - Aquatic birds: 3  $\mu\text{g/g}$  (eggs) to 10  $\mu\text{g/g}$  (liver).
  - Fish affected: 4  $\mu\text{g/g}$  - 10  $\mu\text{g/g}$ .

## Effects of Selenium Toxicity in Humans

- Brittle nails with white spots, loss of feeling in limbs, thin hair or hair loss.
- No human population has been reported with selenium toxicity in the United States.
- In humans, no quantitative data exists on rate of absorption of Se from the lungs or skin.



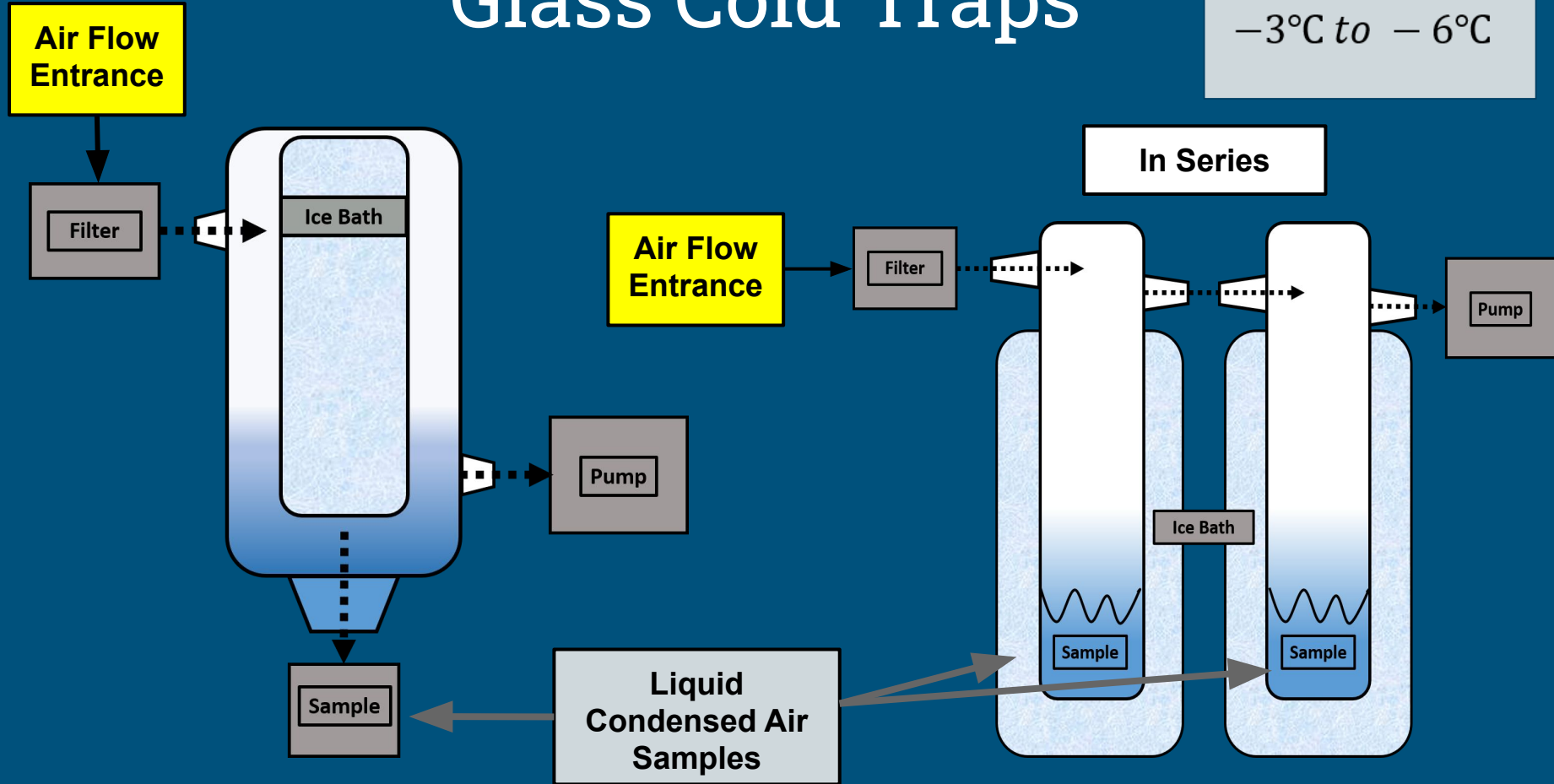
# Cold Traps with Cassette Filter





# Glass Cold Traps

Ice Bath:  
 $-3^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $-6^{\circ}\text{C}$





**Impinger  
with  
Cassette Filter**

# Impingers and Measurements

**Air Flow  
Entrance**

Filter

5mL of Deionized  
water in each  
Impinger

Pump

Air pulled with  
pump and bubbled  
through water

Sample

Sample

College of the Desert

**Latitude:** 33.729740

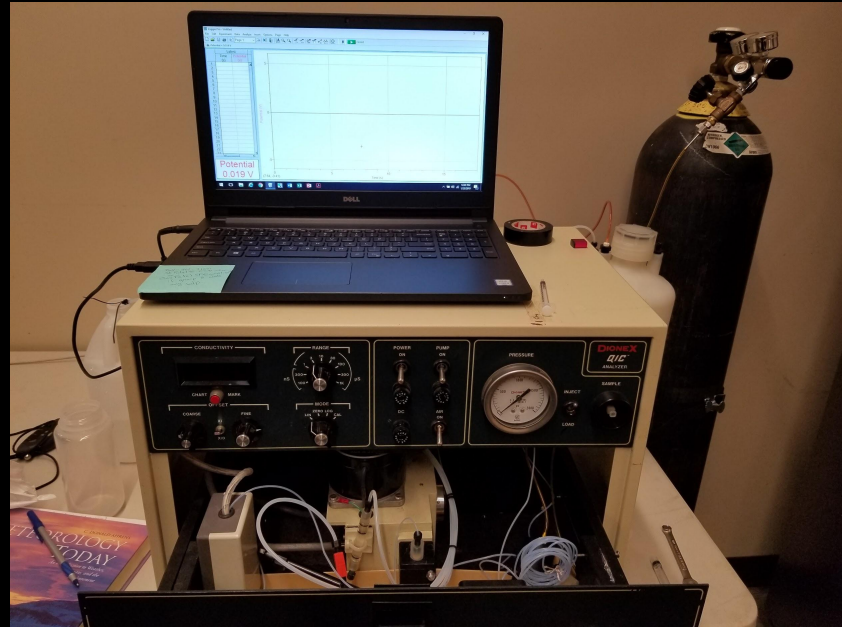
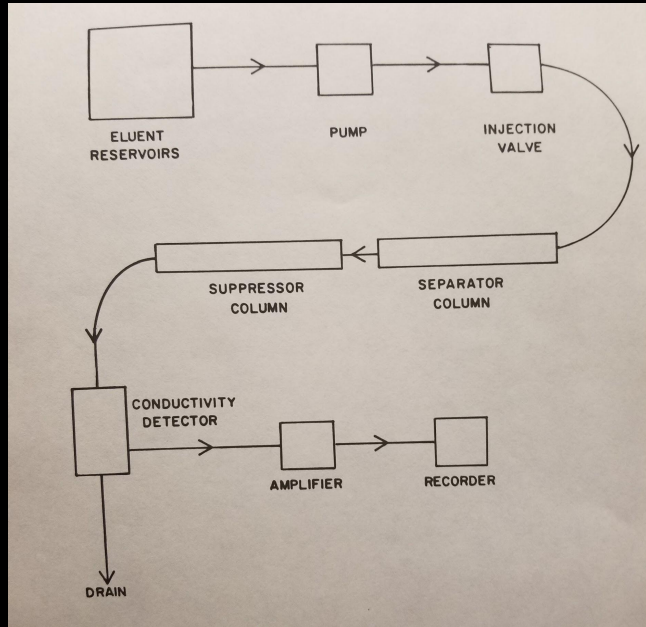
**Longitude:**  
-116.378828



Eastside of the  
Salton Sea

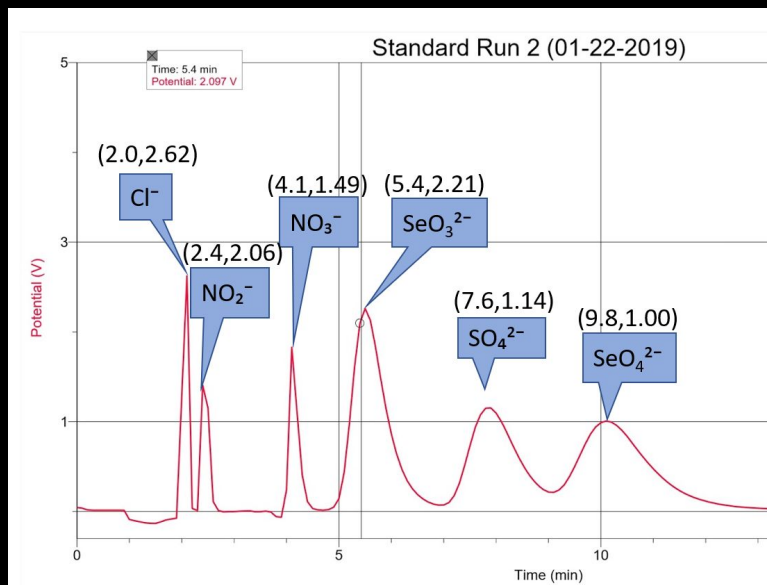


# Ion Chromatography

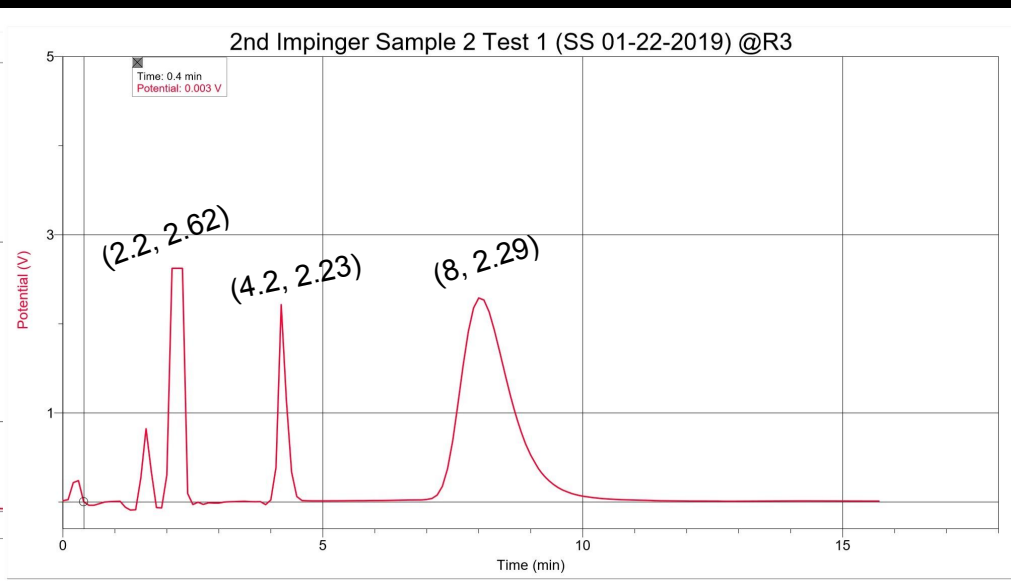


# Ion Chromatograph: Standards Volt vs Time

## Standard



## Sample



# Calculations and Results

## 1. Assumption:

Soluble gases should collect similar to water vapor

$$1 \text{ mL H}_2\text{O} = 1 \text{ g H}_2\text{O}$$

## 2. Concentration collected:

$$2.2 \text{ PPM} = \frac{2.2 \mu\text{g SO}_4^{2-}}{1 \text{ mL H}_2\text{O}}$$

3. For every 1 m<sup>3</sup> of air we can potentially collect a net amount of 5.131g of water

$$1 \text{ m}^3 \text{ Air} = 5.131 \text{ g H}_2\text{O}$$

4. Goal: To have 1g of water to use as a conversion of collected air.

$$1 \text{ g H}_2\text{O} = \frac{1}{5.131} \text{ m}^3 \text{ Air} \approx 0.194 \text{ m}^3 \text{ Air}$$

**Air Collected**

5. Convert to Liters of air

$$1 \text{ g H}_2\text{O} = 1 \text{ mL H}_2\text{O} = 0.194 \text{ m}^3 \text{ Air} = 194 \text{ L Air}$$

$$\frac{2.2 \mu\text{g SO}_4^{2-}}{194 \text{ L Air}} * \left( \frac{23.67 \text{ L Air}}{1 \text{ mole Air}} \right) * \left( \frac{10^{-6} \text{ g}}{1 \mu\text{g}} \right) * \left( \frac{1 \text{ mole SO}_4^{2-}}{96 \text{ g SO}_4^{2-}} \right) * \left( \frac{1 \text{ mole H}_2\text{SO}_4}{1 \text{ mole SO}_4^{2-}} \right) = \frac{2.8 \text{ nmole H}_2\text{SO}_4}{1 \text{ mole Air}} = 2.8 \text{ ppb}$$

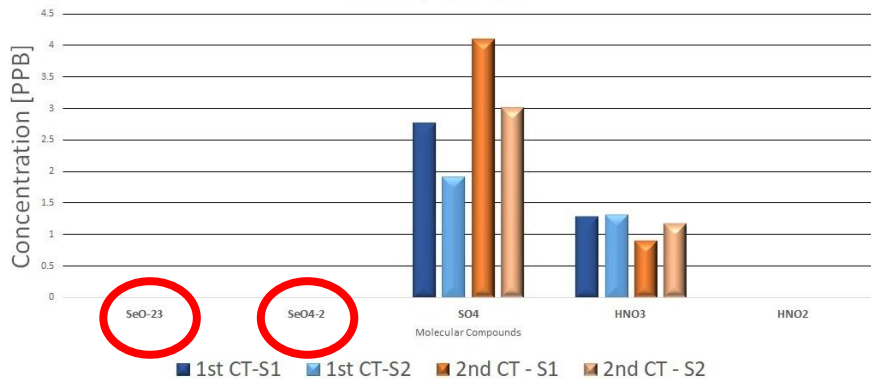


## Salton Sea

# Results

## College of the Desert

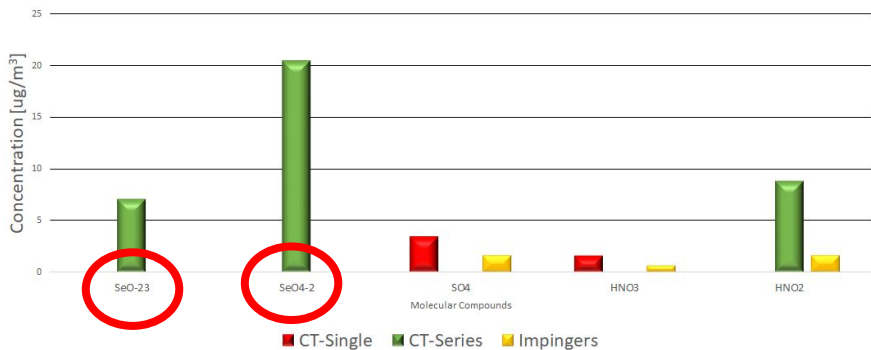
Concentration of Molecular Compounds on Salton Sea Air Cold Traps in Series



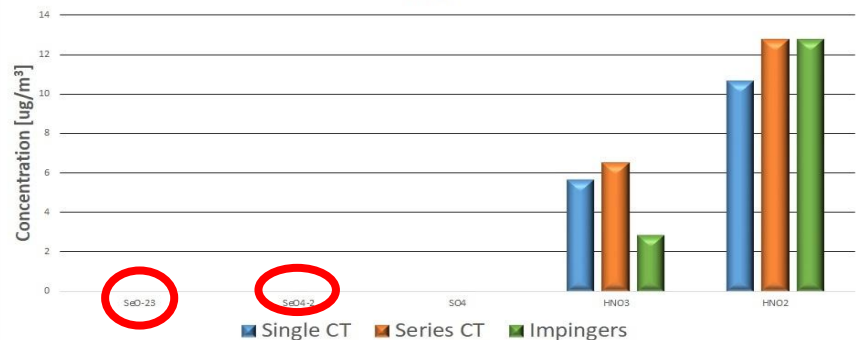
Concentration of Molecular Compounds on College of the Desert Air Cold Traps in Series



Concentration of Molecular Compounds on Salton Sea Air Filters



Concentration of Molecular Compound on College of the Desert Air Filters



# Moving Forward

The background image shows a desert landscape under a clear blue sky. In the foreground, a dry, rocky stream bed is visible, with a discarded tire lying in the center. The stream bed is composed of light-colored rocks and sand, with some green algae or moss growing in the shallow water. In the background, there are several palm trees with green fronds and brown trunks. The overall scene suggests a hot, arid environment.

Potential research expansion for future internships:

- Taking air samples during dry, hot, windy weather to compare vs damp, cold weather.

- Determine lifetime (half-life) of hydrogen selenide in the air.
  - Does it degrade, to what form, and under what conditions?
- Collaboration with Engineering to determine if removal and refinement of selenium for use in electronics could be financially feasible as a path to remediation



# Acknowledgements

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- Hilary McKay
- MESA
- Melissa Munton
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- Dr. Alexa Sawa
- Christina Schneider





# References/Citations

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<sup>3</sup>Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations. "Selenium Deficiency/Influence of Diet on Selenium Status." *Human Vitamin and Mineral Requirements, Ch. 15, Selenium*. [www.fao.org/docrep/004/Y2809E/y2809e01.htm](http://www.fao.org/docrep/004/Y2809E/y2809e01.htm) Accessed January 2019.

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<sup>1</sup>Lemly, A.D. "Guidelines for Evaluating Selenium Data From Aquatic Monitoring and Assessment Studies." *U.S. Forest Service, Cold Water Fisheries Research*. [www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/24221061](http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/24221061) Accessed January 2019.

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# The Salton Sea's Receding Shoreline

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- Inflow:
  - Agricultural runoff
  - Municipal Effluent
- No outlets
- 2002 QSA: “Quantification Settlement Agreement”:
  - 15 year act Ended 2017
  - Less water for agricultural runoff
  - Solidifying final allocations
- Predictions:
  - Receding shoreline
  - Exposure and Concentration of lake bed chemicals



----- Cold Traps: Concentration Calculator -----

Enter Ion Concentration (PPM): 1  
 Enter Saturation Vapor from Dew Point: 9.39  
 Enter Saturation Vapor from Cold Trap: 4.84  
 Enter Molar Mass of Ion: 62

```
- Saturation Diference:      4.5500
- Volume of Air in Cubic M:   0.2198
- Volume of Air in Liters:    219.7802
- Moles of Ion:               1.6129032258064514e-08
- Moles of Air:               9.293
- Concentration [umol/mol]:   1.7356048387096776e-09
```

\*\*\*\*\* FINAL CONCENTRATION ON AIR: 1.736 PPB \*\*\*\*\*

Do you have another sample? [y/n]:

File Edit Format Run Options Window Help

#Asking for values

```
while(stop == 0):
    print('----- Cold Traps: Concentration Calculator ----- \n\n')
    conc = float(input('Enter Ion Concentration (PPM): '))
    satAir = float(input('Enter Saturation Vapor from Dew Point: '))
    satTrap = float(input('Enter Saturation Vapor from Cold Trap: '))
    molarMass = float(input('Enter Molar Mass of Ion: '))
    print('\n\n')
```

#Processes

```
difSat = float(satAir - satTrap)
volAirM = float(1/difSat)
volAirL = float(volAirM*1000)
molIon = float((conc*0.000001)/molarMass)
molAir = float(volAirL/VOL_CONST)
ppb = float(molIon/molAir)
```

#Printing out

```
print(' - Saturation Diference: ', "%.4f" % difSat)
print(' - Volume of Air in Cubic M: ', "%.4f" % volAirM)
print(' - Volume of Air in Liters: ', "%.4f" % volAirL)
print(' - Moles of Ion: ', molIon)
print(' - Moles of Air: ', "%.3f" % molAir)
print(' - Concentration [umol/mol]: ', ppb)
print('\n\n\n')
```

#Result

```
print('***** FINAL CONCENTRATION ON AIR: ', "%.3f" % (ppb*10000000))
```

```
other = input('Do you have another sample? [y/n]: ')
```

```
if (other == 'n' or other == 'N'):
    stop = 1
```

```
else:
    os.system('cls')
```

```
print('\n\n')
print('Press ENTER to close...')
wait()
```



# Selenium

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**Selenium** is a metalloid element, meaning it has properties of both metals and nonmetals...

- Comes in three allotropes: red powdery form, black vitreous (glassy), & silvery metal
- **Photovoltaic**: converts light to electricity
- **Photoconductive**: resistance ↓ with ↑ illumination
- Used in photocopiers, solar cells
- Used to provide red color in glass
- Can convert AC electricity to DC electricity

## Biological Uses:

- Human bodies contain about 14 mg, with each cell containing more than 1 million Se atoms (trace mineral).<sup>2</sup>
- Used in some amino acids and enzymes.
- Used in dandruff shampoos
- Low Se levels may increase cancer risk, heart problems and thyroid hormone issues.<sup>3</sup>
- Excess selenium ingestion is suspected to be carcinogenic and teratogenic.<sup>3</sup>

# [Se] Data from Salton Sea Samples vs Control (PD)

## Factors Affecting Results

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### Possible reasons:

- Rainfall during project period may depress amount of dust that would be present during a drier period, resulting in a false negative.
- Rainfall may have temporarily increased lake surface, covering otherwise exposed sediment possibly contributing to airborne Se.
- Instrument or operator error.
- Higher density of water from concentrated salt and other matter may prevent Se from entering gas phase, similar to undersea brine lakes that contain dissolved hydrogen sulfide gas.